

## Safety Data Sheet dated 6/10/2023, version 8 (replaces version 7)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

UFI:

Trade name: Trade code:

Mixture identification:

**OLDO LANA** G14-001 / 002 OVRO-NOFC-COOP-JCD5

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Recommended use:

Liquid detergent for textiles. For professional use. Products categories: PC35 - washing and cleaning products. This category includes water and solvent based products.

Use at industrial sites (IS). Widespread use by professional workers (PW). Uses advised against:

Do not use for purposes other than those indicated.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Company: Via Fiumicino San Mauro, 120/130 - 47039 – Savignano Sul Rubicone (FC) Italy tel +39 0541 930058 *e-mail: gbm@gbmprodottichimici.it web site: www.gbmprodottichimici.it*

- 1.4. Emergency telephone number
  - +39 0541-930058 (Office Time)

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture
EC regulation criteria 1272/2008 (CLP)

Eye Dam. 1, H318 Causes serious eye damage.
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements
Hazard pictograms:



Danger Hazard statements:

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 In case of malaise, contact a POISON CENTRE/doctor.

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P501.A Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable national and international regulations.

Special Provisions: None

Contains

Benzenesulphonic acid, sodium salts.

Coco dietheanolamide

Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one: May produce an allergic reaction.

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments: None

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1% Other Hazards:

No other hazards

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

- 3.1. Substances
- N.A.
- 3.2. Mixtures

Ingredients according to EC Detergents Regulation 648/2004:

<5%: anionic surfactants, cationic surfactants, polycarboxylated.

Between 5-15%: non-ionic surfactants.

Other compounds: perfume, amyl cinnamal, geraniol, linalool, 5-chloro-2-methyl-2Hisothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one mixture

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb	er	Classification
>= 1% - < 5%	Benzenesulphonic acid, sodium salts.	CAS: EC: REACH No.:	68411-30-3 270-115-0 01- 2119489428- 22-XXXX	<ul> <li>3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302</li> <li>3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315</li> <li>3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318</li> <li>4.1/C3 Aquatic Chronic 3 H412</li> </ul>
>= 1% - < 5%	Coco dietheanolamide	EC: REACH No.:	931-329-6 01- 2119490100- 53-XXXX	<ul> <li>3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318</li> <li>3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315</li> <li>4.1/C2 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411</li> </ul>
>= 1% - < 5%	2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	Index number: CAS: EC: REACH No.:	603-014-00-0 111-76-2 203-905-0 01- 2119475108- 36-0005	



			ATE - Oral 1200 mg/kg bw
			ATE - Inhalation (Vapours) 3 mg/l
Diphenyl ether	EC:		4.1/C2 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
		2119472545- 33-XXXX	3.3/2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319
			4.1/A1 Aquatic Acute 1 H400
Mixture of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one and 2-methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one	Index number: CAS: EC:	613-167-00-5 55965-84-9 611-341-5	<ul> <li>3.1/1/Dermal Acute Tox. 1 H310</li> <li>3.1/3/Oral Acute Tox. 3 H301</li> <li>3.2/1C Skin Corr. 1C H314</li> <li>3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318</li> <li>3.4.2/1A Skin Sens. 1A H317</li> <li>3.1/2/Inhal Acute Tox. 2 H330</li> <li>4.1/A1 Aquatic Acute 1 H400</li> <li>M=100.</li> <li>4.1/C1 Aquatic Chronic 1 H410</li> <li>M=100.</li> <li>EUH071</li> <li>Specific Concentration Limits: C &gt;= 0,6%: Eye Dam. 1 H318</li> <li>C &gt;= 0,6%: Skin Corr. 1C H314</li> <li>0,06% &lt;= C &lt; 0.6%: Skin Irrit. 2 H315</li> <li>0,06% &lt;= C &lt; 0.6%: Eye Irrit. 2 H319</li> </ul>
			C >= 0,0015%: Skin Sens. 1A
toluene	Index number: CAS: EC: REACH No.:	601-021-00-3 108-88-3 203-625-9 01- 2119471310- 51-XXXX	H317 2.6/2 Flam. Liq. 2 H225 3.7/2 Repr. 2 H361 3.10/1 Asp. Tox. 1 H304 3.9/2 STOT RE 2 H373 3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 1
	one and 2-methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one	Image: Construction of the second	EC:         202-981-2           REACH No.:         01-           2119472545-         33-XXXX           Mixture of 5-chloro-2-         Index         613-167-00-5           methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-         number:         CAS:         55965-84-9           isothiazol-3-one         EC:         611-341-5         EC:         611-341-5           toluene         Index         601-021-00-3         number:         CAS:         108-88-3           EC:         203-625-9         REACH No.:         01-         2119471310-



### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap. OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose off safely.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an opthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not under any circumstances induce vomiting. OBTAIN A MEDICAL EXAMINATION IMMEDIATELY.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

- 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed None
- 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment:

None

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

- 5.1. Extinguishing media
  - Suitable extinguishing media:
  - Water.
  - Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

- None in particular.
- 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.
  - Burning produces heavy smoke.
- 5.3. Advice for firefighters
  - Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

- 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Wear personal protection equipment.
  - Remove persons to safety.
  - See protective measures under point 7 and 8.
- 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

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In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

- Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand
- 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
- Wash with plenty of water. 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Contamined clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store the product only in its original closed containers, in a cool, dry and well-ventilated areas at temperatures below 0 °C and not higher than 40 °C.

- Keep away from food, drink and feed.
- Incompatible materials:
- None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None in particular

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

8.1. Control parameters 2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 111-76-2 UE - TWA(8h): 98 mg/m3, 20 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m3, 50 ppm - Notes: N.A. ACGIH - TWA(8h): 20 ppm - Notes: N.A. Diphenyl ether - CAS: 101-84-8 UE - TWA(8h): 7 mg/m3, 1 ppm - STEL: 14 mg/m3, 2 ppm ACGIH - TWA(8h): 1 ppm - STEL: 2 ppm - Notes: N.A. toluene - CAS: 108-88-3 UE - TWA(8h): 192 mg/m3, 50 ppm - STEL: 384 mg/m3, 100 ppm - Notes: N.A. ACGIH - TWA(8h): 20 ppm - Notes: N.A. **DNEL Exposure Limit Values** Benzenesulphonic acid, sodium salts. - CAS: 68411-30-3 Worker Professional: 85 mg/kg b.w./day - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 6 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 42.5 mg/kg b.w./day - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 1.5 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 0.425 mg/kg b.w./day - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

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Coco dietheanolamide Consumer: 6.25 mg/kg b.w./day - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 21.73 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 73.4 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 4.16 mg/kg b.w./day - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 2.5 mg/kg b.w./day - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects 2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 111-76-2 Worker Professional: 246 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, local effects Consumer: 6.3 mg/kg b.w./day - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 147 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, local effects Consumer: 59 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 1091 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Consumer: 426 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 98 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 26.7 mg/kg b.w./day - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Diphenyl ether - CAS: 101-84-8 Worker Professional: 59 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects - Endpoint: Repeated dose toxicity Worker Professional: 7 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects - Endpoint: Repeated dose toxicity Worker Professional: 9.68 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Professional: 25 mg/kg b.w./day - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects - Endpoint: Repeated dose toxicity Worker Professional: 0.15 mg/cm2 - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, local effects **PNEC Exposure Limit Values** Benzenesulphonic acid. sodium salts. - CAS: 68411-30-3 Target: Fresh Water - Value: 0.268 mg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 0.0268 mg/l Target: Intermittent release - Value: 0.0167 mg/l Target: Sewage treatment plant - Value: 3.43 mg/l Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 8.1 mg/kg dry weight Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 6.8 mg/kg dry weight Target: Soil - Value: 35 mg/kg dry weight Coco dietheanolamide Target: Fresh Water - Value: 0.007 mg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 0.0007 mg/l Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 0.195 mg/kg Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.0195 mg/kg



Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 830 mg/l Target: Intermittent release - Value: 0.024 mg/l 2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 111-76-2 Target: Fresh Water - Value: 8.8 mg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 0.88 mg/l Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 34.6 mg/kg dry weight Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 3.46 mg/kg dry weight Target: Intermittent release - Value: 26.4 mg/l Target: Sewage treatment plant - Value: 463 mg/l Target: Secondary poisoning - Value: 20 mg/kg Target: Soil - Value: 2.33 mg/kg dry weight Diphenyl ether - CAS: 101-84-8 Target: Fresh Water - Value: 0.0017 mg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 0.00017 mg/l Target: Intermittent release - Value: 0.017 mg/l Target: Sewage treatment plant - Value: 10 mg/l Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 0.345 mg/kg dry weight Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.0345 mg/kg dry weight Target: Soil - Value: 0.0681 mg/kg dry weight 8.2. Exposure controls Eye protection: Eve glasses. Protection for skin: Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton. Protection for hands: Use protective gloves resistant to chemicals. The choice of hand PPE must be made on the basis of its better resistance to chemical agents, taking into account the results of tests obtained in accordance with EN 374 Because of the great diversity of types, you should follow the instructions of the manufacturers. Suitable materials for short contact (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time according to EN 374).

Butyl rubber - 0.7 mm thick. Suitable materials for direct and prolonged contact

(recommended: protection index 6, corresponding> 460 minutes of permeation time according to EN 374) nitro-caoutchouc (NBR) - 0.4 mm thick.

Respiratory protection:

Not needed for normal use.

Thermal Hazards:

None

Environmental exposure controls:

None

Appropriate engineering controls:

None

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Method:	Notes
Physical state:	Liquid		
Colour:	straw yellow		
Odour:	CHARACTER ISTIC FRAGRANT NOTE		



Melting point/freezing point:	N.A.		
Boiling point or initial	N.A.		
boiling point and boiling			
range:			
Flammability:	N.A.		
Lower and upper explosion limit:	N.A.		
Flash point:	NOT		
	FLAMMABLE		
	°C		
Auto-ignition temperature:	NOT AUTO		
	FLAMMABLE		
Decomposition	N.A.		
temperature:			
pH:	6,5		
Kinematic viscosity:	N.A.		
Solubility in water:	COMPLETE		
Solubility in oil:	N.A.		
Partition coefficient n-	N.A.		
octanol/water (log value):			
Vapour pressure:	N.A.		
Density and/or relative	1.01 ± 0.05		
density:	kg/l		
Relative vapour density:			
	Particle cha	racteristics:	
Particle size:	N.A.		

#### 9.2. Other information

Properties	Value	Method:	Notes
Explosive properties:	ABSENT		
Miscibility:	MISCIBLE		
Oxidizing properties:	ABSENT		

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under normal conditions of use and storage.

- 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
- None 10.4. Conditions to avoid
  - Stable under normal conditions.
- 10.5. Incompatible materials
  - None in particular.
- 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products Under normal conditions of storage and use, are not known hazardous decomposition products.



### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Toxicological information of the product: OLDO LANA a) acute toxicity Not classified No data available for the product b) skin corrosion/irritation Not classified No data available for the product c) serious eye damage/irritation The product is classified: Eye Dam. 1 H318 d) respiratory or skin sensitisation Not classified No data available for the product e) germ cell mutagenicity Not classified No data available for the product f) carcinogenicity Not classified No data available for the product g) reproductive toxicity Not classified No data available for the product h) STOT-single exposure Not classified No data available for the product i) STOT-repeated exposure Not classified No data available for the product j) aspiration hazard Not classified No data available for the product Toxicological information of the main substances found in the product: Benzenesulphonic acid, sodium salts. - CAS: 68411-30-3 a) acute toxicity: Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 1080 mg/kg - Harmful if ingested Route: Inhalation Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rat > 2000 mg/kg - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met b) skin corrosion/irritation: Test: Skin Irritant - Species: Rabbit Yes - Causes skin irritation c) serious eye damage/irritation: Test: Eye Corrosive - Species: Rabbit Yes - Causes serious eye damage d) respiratory or skin sensitisation: Test: Maximisation Test - Species: Guinea pig Negative - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met e) germ cell mutagenicity: Test: In vitro genotoxicity Negative - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Test: In vivo genotoxicity Negative - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met f) carcinogenicity:



g) reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Test: Teratogenicity - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met h) STOT-single exposure: Negative - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met i) STOT-repeated exposure: Negative - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Test: NOAEL - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 125 mg/kg di b.w./day - Duration: 28d Test: NOAEL - Species: Rat = 40 mg/kg di b.w./day - Duration: 6M Test: NOAEL - Species: Rat = 85 mg/kg di b.w./day - Duration: 9M Toxicological kinetics, metabolism and distribution information: Coco dietheanolamide a) acute toxicity: Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat > 2000 mg/kg Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg b) skin corrosion/irritation: Test: Skin Irritant Positive - Causes skin irritation c) serious eye damage/irritation: Test: Eye Corrosive Positive - Causes serious eye damage 2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 111-76-2 a) acute toxicity ATE - Oral 1200 mg/kg bw ATE - Inhalation (Vapours) 3 mg/l Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 1746 mg/kg bw Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat = 523 ppm - Duration: 4h Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rat > 2000 mg/kg bw Test: NOAEL(C) - Route: Oral - Species: Rat (male) 2 69 mg/kg dry weight - Duration: 90d Test: NOAEL(C) - Route: Oral - Species: Rat (female) 2 82 mg/kg dry weight - Duration: 90d Test: NOAEL(C) - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 150 mg/kg di b.w./day - Duration: 90d Test: LOAEL(C) - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat = 152 mg/m3 b) skin corrosion/irritation: Test: Skin Irritant Positive - Causes skin irritation c) serious eye damage/irritation: Test: Eye Irritant Positive - Causes severe eye irritation d) respiratory or skin sensitisation: Species: Guinea pig Negative - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met e) germ cell mutagenicity: Test: In vitro genotoxicity Negative g) reproductive toxicity: Test: NOAEL(C) - Route: Oral - Species: Rabbit = 720 mg/kg di b.w./day Diphenyl ether - CAS: 101-84-8 a) acute toxicity: Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 2100 mg/kg bw Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit = 5005 mg/kg bw Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one - CAS: 55965-84-9 a) acute toxicity: Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation of dust and fog - Species: Rat = 0.31 mg/l - Duration: 4h - Source: SDS



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b) skin corrosion/irritation:
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- Test: Skin Corrosive Yes Source: SDS Causes severe skin burns c) serious eve damage/irritation:
- Test: Eye Corrosive Yes Source: SDS Causes serious eye damage
- d) respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Test: Skin Sensitization - Route: Skin - Species: Guinea pig Yes - Source: OECD TG 406 - Notes: Maximisation Test; GLP: yes. - May cause sensitisation in contact with skin

Test: Skin Sensitization - Route: Skin - Species: Mouse Yes - Source: OECD TG 429 - Notes: Local lymphonode test (LLNA); GLP: yes. - The product is a skin sensitiser, subcategory 1A.

- toluene CAS: 108-88-3
- a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat > 5000 mg/kg bw

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg bw

Test: LD50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat > 20 mg/l - Duration: 4h

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment. OLDO LANA

OLDO LANA
The product is classified: Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

Benzenesulphonic acid, sodium salts. - CAS: 68411-30-3

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:
Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish > 1-10 mg/l - Duration h: 96
Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia > 1-10 mg/l - Duration h: 48

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity:

Endpoint: NOEC (196d) - Species: Fish > 0.1-1 mg/l
Endpoint: NOEC (21d) - Species: Daphnia > 1-10 mg/l

d) Terrestrial toxicity:

Endpoint: EC10 (28D) = 71.7 mg/kg
Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Terrestrial plants = 100 mg/kg
Endpoint: EC10 - Species: Terrestrial plants = 86 mg/kg

Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Terrestrial plants = 50 mg/kg

e) Plant toxicity:

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae > 10-100 mg/l - Duration h: 72

Endpoint: NOEC (28D) > 4 mg/l

Endpoint: EC50 > 1-10 mg/l - Duration h: 168

g) Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates:

Endpoint: NOEC (32d) - Species: Aquatic invertebrates > 1-10 mg/l Coco dietheanolamide a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 2.4 mg/l - Duration h: 96

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Crustaceans = 3.2 mg/l - Duration h: 48

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 3.9 mg/l - Duration h: 72

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity:

Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Fish = 1 mg/l

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Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Crustaceans = 0.07 mg/l 2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 111-76-2 a) Aquatic acute toxicity: Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 1474 mg/l - Duration h: 96 Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Crustaceans = 1550 mg/l - Duration h: 48 Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 911 mg/l - Duration h: 72 b) Aquatic chronic toxicity: Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Fish > 100 mg/l Diphenyl ether - CAS: 101-84-8 a) Aquatic acute toxicity: Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 10 mg/l - Duration h: 24 Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 1-2.4 mg/l - Duration h: 96 Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 3 mg/l - Duration h: 48 Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 1.7 mg/l - Duration h: 48 Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one - CAS: 55965-84-9 a) Aquatic acute toxicity: Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 1.02 mg/l - Duration h: 48 - Notes: Daphnia magna. Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 0.379 mg/l - Duration h: 72 - Notes: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: OECD TG 201 Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 0.58 mg/l - Duration h: 96 - Notes: Danio rerio. Endpoint: M Factor (acute) = 100 b) Aquatic chronic toxicity: Endpoint: EC10 - Species: Algae = 0.188 mg/l - Duration h: 72 - Notes: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata; OECD TG 201 Endpoint: M Factor (Chronic) = 100 12.2. Persistence and degradability None OLDO LANA Biodegradability: The product contains only readily biodegradable surfactants meet the criteria laid down in Regulation detergents EU (EC/648/2004). Benzenesulphonic acid, sodium salts. - CAS: 68411-30-3 Biodegradability: Readily biodegradable - Duration: 28d - %: 60 Coco dietheanolamide Biodegradability: Biodegradable - %: 92.5 2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 111-76-2 Biodegradability: Readily biodegradable - Duration: 28d - %: 90.4 Diphenyl ether - CAS: 101-84-8 Biodegradability: Readily biodegradable - %: 100 Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one - CAS: 55965-84-9 Biodegradability: Non-readily biodegradable 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Benzenesulphonic acid, sodium salts. - CAS: 68411-30-3 Bioaccumulation: Does not accumulate significantly in organisms - Test: BCF -Bioconcentrantion factor 2-1000 - Duration: 192h Coco dietheanolamide Test: Log Kow 3.75 2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 111-76-2 Bioaccumulation: Not bioaccumulative Diphenyl ether - CAS: 101-84-8 Bioaccumulation: Bioaccumulation factor - Test: BCF - Bioconcentrantion factor 196



12.4. Mobility in soil

- Benzenesulphonic acid, sodium salts. CAS: 68411-30-3
  - Mobility in soil: 9
- Coco dietheanolamide
- Mobility in soil: The substance is soluble and mobile in water and soil 2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether CAS: 111-76-2
- Mobility in soil: The product has very high mobility potential
- 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None
- 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties
  - No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%
- 12.7. Other adverse effects None

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1. UN number or ID number

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

- 14.2. UN proper shipping name
  - N.A. 4.3 Transport ha
- 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) N.A.
- 14.4. Packing group N.A.
- 14.5. Environmental hazards ADN-Environmentally hazardous in tank-vessels: N.A.
- 14.6. Special precautions for user
  - N.A.
- 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments N.A.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)
Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)
Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)
Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)
Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878
Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 5 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1420 (ATP 8 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1420 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

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Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP) Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications: Restrictions related to the product: **Restriction 3 Restriction 40** Restrictions related to the substances contained: **Restriction 48 Restriction 75** Where applicable, refer to the following regulatory provisions : Directive 2012/18/EU (Seveso III) Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (detergents). Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III): Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1 None

15.2. Chemical safety assessment No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Full text of phrases referred to in Section 3: H302 Harmful if swallowed. H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H310 Fatal in contact with skin. H301 Toxic if swallowed. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H330 Fatal if inhaled. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

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Hazard class and hazard category	Code	Description
Flam. Liq. 2	2.6/2	Flammable liquid, Category 2
Acute Tox. 1	3.1/1/Dermal	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 1
Acute Tox. 2	3.1/2/Inhal	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 2
Acute Tox. 3	3.1/3/Inhal	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 3
Acute Tox. 3	3.1/3/Oral	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Oral	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	3.10/1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Skin Corr. 1C	3.2/1C	Skin corrosion, Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	3.2/2	Skin irritation, Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	3.3/1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	3.3/2	Eye irritation, Category 2
Skin Sens. 1A	3.4.2/1A	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A
Repr. 2	3.7/2	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2
STOT SE 3	3.8/3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3
STOT RE 2	3.9/2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2
Aquatic Acute 1	4.1/A1	Acute aquatic hazard, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	4.1/C1	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	4.1/C2	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	4.1/C3	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 3

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training. Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality. It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

ADR:	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of
	Dangerous Goods by Road.
ATE:	Acute Toxicity Estimate
ATEmix:	Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)
CAS:	Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical
	Society).
CLP:	Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
DNEL:	Derived No Effect Level.

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EINECS:	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
GefStoffVO:	Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS:	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IATA:	International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
ICAO:	International Civil Áviation Organization.
ICAO-TI:	Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
IMDG:	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI:	International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
KSt:	Explosion coefficient.
LC50:	Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50:	Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
PNEC:	Predicted No Effect Concentration.
RID:	Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL:	Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT:	Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV:	Threshold Limiting Value.
TWA:	Time-weighted average
WGK:	German Water Hazard Class.