

Safety Data Sheet dated 7/6/2024, version 6

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: SOFT LB1
Trade code: G13-001

UFI TPF2-W0XG-R001-C9RU

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use:

Liquid detergent for textiles. For professional use.

Products categories: PC35 - washing and cleaning products. This category includes water and solvent based products.

Use at industrial sites (IS). Widespread use by professional workers (PW).

Uses advised against:

Do not use for purposes other than those indicated.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:

G.B.M. ELETTROCHIMICA s.r.l.

Via Fiumicino San Mauro, 120/130 - 47039 – Savignano Sul Rubicone (FC) Italy

tel +39 0541 930058

e-mail: gbm@gbmprodottichimici.it web site: www.gbmprodottichimici.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

+39 0541-930058

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

EC regulation criteria 1272/2008 (CLP)

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Causes skin irritation.

Eye Dam. 1, H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms:



Danger

Hazard statements:

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements:

P264 Wash hands thoroughly with water after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 In case of malaise, contact a POISON CENTRE/doctor.



P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Special Provisions:

None

Contains

Ethoxylated alcohol

Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one: May produce an allergic reaction.

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

Other Hazards:

No other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Ingredients according to EC Detergents Regulation 648/2004:

<5%: soaps.

15-30%: Non-ionic surfactants.

Other comp.: optical brighteners, mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb	er	Classification
>= 10% - < 20%	Ethoxylated alcohol	CAS:	69011-36-5	3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318 3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302
>= 5% - < 10%	2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	Index number: CAS: EC: REACH No.:	603-014-00-0 111-76-2 203-905-0 01- 2119475108- 36-0005	3.1/3/Inhal Acute Tox. 3 H331 3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302 3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 3.3/2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Acute Toxicity Estimate: ATE - Oral 1200 mg/kg bw ATE - Inhalation (Vapours) 3 mg/l
>= 1% - < 5%	Alcohols, C12-15- branched and linear, ethoxylated (>2.5 moles EO) (CAS: 106232-83-1)	CAS: EC:	106232-83-1 932-186-2	3.3/2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 4.1/A1 Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1. 4.1/C3 Aquatic Chronic 3 H412
>= 1% - < 5%	Fatty acids, coco, potassium salt	CAS: EC:	61789-30-8 263-049-9	3.3/2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319



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				3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315
>= 1% - < 5%	Alcohols, C12-15- branched and linear, ethoxylated propoxylated	CAS: EC:	120313-48-6 639-733-1	3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 4.1/A1 Aquatic Acute 1 H400 4.1/C3 Aquatic Chronic 3 H412
>= 0.5% - < 1%	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol	Index number: CAS: EC: REACH No.:	603-117-00-0 67-63-0 200-661-7 01- 2119457558- 25-XXXX	2.6/2 Flam. Liq. 2 H225 3.3/2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H336
10 ppm	Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Index number: CAS: EC:	613-167-00-5 55965-84-9 611-341-5	3.1/1/Dermal Acute Tox. 1 H310 3.1/3/Oral Acute Tox. 3 H301 3.2/1C Skin Corr. 1C H314 3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318 3.4.2/1A Skin Sens. 1A H317 3.1/2/Inhal Acute Tox. 2 H330 4.1/A1 Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=100. 4.1/C1 Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=100. EUH071 Specific Concentration Limits: C >= 0,6%: Eye Dam. 1 H318 C >= 0,6%: Skin Corr. 1C H314 0,06% <= C < 0.6%: Skin Irrit. 2 H315 0,06% <= C < 0.6%: Eye Irrit. 2 H319 C >= 0,0015%: Skin Sens. 1A
1 ppm	N, N- dimethylformamide; dimethyl formamide	Index number: CAS: EC: REACH No.:	616-001-00-X 68-12-2 200-679-5 01- 2119475605- 32-XXXX	H317 2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226 3.7/1B Repr. 1B H360 3.3/2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319



	3.1/4/Dermal Acute Tox. 4 H312
	3.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332

SVHC, PBT, vPvB, endocrine disruptor substances:

1 ppm N, N-dimethylformamide; dimethyl formamide

REACH No.: 01-2119475605-32-XXXX, Index number: 616-001-00-X, CAS: 68-12-2,

EC: 200-679-5

SVHC

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap. OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose off safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an opthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not under any circumstances induce vomiting. OBTAIN A MEDICAL EXAMINATION IMMEDIATELY.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment:

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.



Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Wash with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Contamined clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store the product only in its original closed containers, in a cool, dry and well-ventilated areas at temperatures below 0 °C and not higher than 40 °C.

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

. None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 111-76-2

EC - TWA(8h): 98 mg/m3, 20 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m3, 50 ppm - Notes: Skin

UE - TWA(8h): 98 mg/m3, 20 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m3, 50 ppm

ACGIH - TWA(8h): 20 ppm

propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol - CAS: 67-63-0

ACGIH - TWA(8h): 200 ppm - STEL: 400 ppm - Notes: N.A.

N, N-dimethylformamide; dimethyl formamide - CAS: 68-12-2

UE - TWA(8h): 15 mg/m3, 5 ppm - STEL: 30 mg/m3, 10 ppm - Notes: N.A.

ACGIH - TWA(8h): 5 ppm - Notes: N.A.

DNEL Exposure Limit Values

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 111-76-2



Worker Professional: 246 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term. local effects - Endpoint: Irritation (respiratory tract)

Consumer: 6.3 mg/kg b.w./day - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term,

systemic effects - Endpoint: Repeated dose toxicity
Consumer: 147 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, local

effects - Endpoint: Irritation (respiratory tract)

Consumer: 59 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects - Endpoint: Repeated dose toxicity

Worker Professional: 1091 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects - Endpoint: Acute toxicity

Consumer: 426 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects - Endpoint: Acute toxicity

Worker Professional: 98 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects - Endpoint: Repeated dose toxicity

Consumer: 26.7 mg/kg b.w./day - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects - Endpoint: Acute toxicity

N, N-dimethylformamide; dimethyl formamide - CAS: 68-12-2

Worker Professional: 6 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects - Endpoint: Repeated dose toxicity - Notes: ECHA

Worker Professional: 1.1 mg/kg b.w./day - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects - Endpoint: Developmental/teratogenic toxicity - Notes: ECHA Consumer: 1.1 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term,

systemic effects - Endpoint: Repeated dose toxicity - Notes: ECHA

Consumer: 0.16 mg/kg b.w./day - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects - Endpoint: Repeated dose toxicity - Notes: ECHA

PNEC Exposure Limit Values

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 111-76-2

Target: Fresh Water - Value: 8.8 mg/l - Type of hazard: Danger to aquatic organisms Target: Marine water - Value: 0.88 mg/l - Type of hazard: Danger to aquatic organisms Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 34.6 mg/kg dry weight - Type of hazard: Danger to aquatic organisms

Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 3.46 mg/kg dry weight - Type of hazard: Danger to aquatic organisms

Target: Intermittent release - Value: 26.4 mg/l - Type of hazard: Danger to aquatic organisms

Target: Sewage treatment plant - Value: 463 mg/l - Type of hazard: Danger to aquatic organisms

Target: Secondary poisoning - Value: 20 mg/kg - Type of hazard: Hazard for predators Target: Soil - Value: 2.33 mg/kg dry weight - Type of hazard: Danger to terrestrial organisms

propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol - CAS: 67-63-0

Target: Fresh Water - Value: 140.9 mg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 140.9 mg/l

Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 552 mg/kg Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 552 mg/kg Target: Ground compartment - Value: 28 mg/kg

N, N-dimethylformamide; dimethyl formamide - CAS: 68-12-2

Target: Sewage treatment plant - Value: 44 mg/l - Notes:: ECHA

Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 111 mg/kg dry weight - Notes:: ECHA Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 11.1 mg/kg dry weight - Notes:: ECHA

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Eye glasses with side protection.



Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Use protective gloves resistant to chemicals. The choice of hand PPE must be made on the basis of its better resistance to chemical agents, taking into account the results of tests obtained in accordance with EN 374 Because of the great diversity of types, you should follow the instructions of the manufacturers. Suitable materials for short contact (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to> 30 minutes permeation time according to EN 374). Butyl rubber - 0.7 mm thick. Suitable materials for direct and prolonged contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding> 460 minutes of permeation time according to EN 374) nitro-caoutchouc (NBR) - 0.4 mm thick.

Respiratory protection:

Not needed for normal use.

Thermal Hazards:

None

Environmental exposure controls:

None

Appropriate engineering controls:

None

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Method:	Notes
Physical state:	Liquid		
Colour:	N.A.		
Odour:	CHARACTER ISTIC		
Melting point/freezing point:	Not Relevant		
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	Not Relevant		
Flammability:	Non- flammable		
Lower and upper explosion limit:	N.A.		
Flash point:	N.A.		
Auto-ignition temperature:	NOT AUTOFLAMM ABLE		
Decomposition temperature:	Not Relevant		
pH:	9,7		
Kinematic viscosity:	N.A.		
Solubility in water:	COMPLETE		
Solubility in oil:	N.D.		
Partition coefficient n- octanol/water (log value):	N.A.		
Vapour pressure:	N.A.		
Density and/or relative density:	1.00 ± 0.05 kg/l		



Relative vapour density:	N.A.			
Particle characteristics:				
Particle size: N.A				

9.2. Other information

Properties	Value	Method:	Notes
Explosive properties:	ABSENT		1
Miscibility:	MISCIBIL		1
Oxidizing properties:	ABSENT		

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under normal conditions of use and storage.

- 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
- 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Do not mix with acids, oxidizing and / or reducing agents. Aluminum, light metals. None in particular.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, are not known hazardous decomposition products.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Toxicological information of the product:

SOFT LB1

a) acute toxicity

Not classified

No data available for the product

b) skin corrosion/irritation

The product is classified: Skin Irrit. 2 H315

c) serious eye damage/irritation

The product is classified: Eye Dam. 1 H318

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation

Not classified

No data available for the product

e) germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified

No data available for the product

f) carcinogenicity

Not classified

No data available for the product

g) reproductive toxicity

Not classified

No data available for the product

h) STOT-single exposure

Not classified

No data available for the product



i) STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified

No data available for the product

i) aspiration hazard

Not classified

No data available for the product

Toxicological information of the main substances found in the product:

Ethoxylated alcohol - CAS: 69011-36-5

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat range 300-2000 mg/kg bw

c) serious eye damage/irritation:

Route: Eyes - Species: Rabbit Positive

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 111-76-2

a) acute toxicity

ATE - Oral 1200 mg/kg bw

ATE - Inhalation (Vapours) 3 mg/l

Test: STA - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 1200 mg/kg bw

Test: STA - Route: Inhalation Vapour - Species: Rat = 2.25 mg/l - Duration: 4h

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rat > 2000 mg/kg bw - Source: OECD TG 402

Test: NOAEL(C) - Route: Oral - Species: Rat (male) 2 69 mg/kg dry weight - Duration:

90d - Source: OECD TG 408 - Notes: Subacute toxicity

Test: NOAEL(C) - Route: Oral - Species: Rat (female) 2 82 mg/kg dry weight - Duration:

90d - Source: OECD TG 408 - Notes: Subacute toxicity

Test: NOAEL(C) - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 150 mg/kg di b.w./day - Duration:

90d - Source: OECD TG 411 - Notes: Subacute toxicity

b) skin corrosion/irritation:

Test: Skin Irritant Positive - Causes skin irritation

c) serious eye damage/irritation:

Test: Eye Irritant Positive - Causes severe eye irritation

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Species: Guinea pig Negative - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

e) germ cell mutagenicity:

Test: In vitro genotoxicity - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat Negative 62.5 mg/kg

Alcohols, C12-15-branched and linear, ethoxylated (>2.5 moles EO) (CAS: 106232-83-1) -

CAS: 106232-83-1

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat > 2000 mg/kg

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation:

Test: Skin Irritant - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit Negative

Fatty acids, coco, potassium salt - CAS: 61789-30-8

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat > 2000 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation:

Positive - Source: N.A. - Causes skin irritation

c) serious eye damage/irritation:

Positive - Source: N.A. - Causes serious eye damage

Alcohols, C12-15-branched and linear, ethoxylated propoxylated - CAS: 120313-48-6

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat > 5000 mg/kg bw

b) skin corrosion/irritation:

Test: Draize test - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit - Causes skin irritation



Test: Draize test - Route: Eyes - Species: Rabbit - No irritation to eyes e) germ cell mutagenicity:

Species: Generic Bacteria - The substance was not mutagenic to bacteria propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol - CAS: 67-63-0

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 4396-5500 mg/kg - Source: N.A.

Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat 72.6 mg/l - Duration: 4h - Source: N.A.

Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Mouse 27.2 mg/l - Duration: 4h - Source: N.A.

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit = 12870 mg/kg - Source: N.A.

Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one - CAS: 55965-84-9

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation of dust and fog - Species: Rat = 0.31 mg/l - Duration: 4h - Source: SDS

b) skin corrosion/irritation:

Test: Skin Corrosive Yes - Source: SDS - Causes severe skin burns

c) serious eye damage/irritation:

Test: Eye Corrosive Yes - Source: SDS - Causes serious eye damage

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Test: Skin Sensitization - Route: Skin - Species: Guinea pig Yes - Source: OECD TG 406 - Notes: Maximisation Test; GLP: yes. - May cause sensitisation in contact with skin

Test: Skin Sensitization - Route: Skin - Species: Mouse Yes - Source: OECD TG 429 - Notes: Local lymphonode test (LLNA); GLP: yes. - The product is a skin sensitiser, subcategory 1A.

N, N-dimethylformamide; dimethyl formamide - CAS: 68-12-2

f) carcinogenicity:

Route: Inhalation Negative - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Test: Teratogenicity Positive - In animal experiments the substance gave teratogenic effect

g) reproductive toxicity:

Test: Reproductive Toxicity Negative - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

i) STOT-repeated exposure:

Route: Oral Positive - Repeated exposure to large quantities can cause specific damage to the body. It damages the liver

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment. SOFT LB1

Not classified for environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 111-76-2

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 1474 mg/l - Duration h: 96 - Notes: Oncorhynchus mykiss



Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 1550 mg/l - Duration h: 48 - Notes: Daphnia magna

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 911 mg/l - Duration h: 72 - Notes:

Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata; OECD TG 201

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity:

Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Fish > 100 mg/l - Notes: Brachydanio rerio

Alcohols, C12-15-branched and linear, ethoxylated (>2.5 moles EO) (CAS: 106232-83-1) - CAS: 106232-83-1

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish > 0.1-1 mg/l - Duration h: 96

c) Bacteria toxicity:

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Activated sludge = 140 mg/l

e) Plant toxicity:

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae > 0.1-1 mg/l - Duration h: 72

Endpoint: NOEC = 10 mg/kg

g) Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates:

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia > 0.1-1 mg/l - Duration h: 48

Fatty acids, coco, potassium salt - CAS: 61789-30-8

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish > 1 mg/l - Duration h: 96

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia > 1 mg/l - Duration h: 48

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae > 1 mg/l - Duration h: 48

Alcohols, C12-15-branched and linear, ethoxylated propoxylated - CAS: 120313-48-6

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish range 1-10 mg/l - Duration h: 96 - Notes: OECD TG 203

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Aquatic invertebrates <= 1 mg/l - Duration h: 48 - Notes:

Daphnia magna; OECD TG 202

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Plantas acuáticas <= 1 mg/l - Duration h: 72 - Notes:

Scenedesmus subspicatus; OECD TG 201 - Acute effects

Endpoint: NOEC (21d) - Species: Aquatic invertebrates range 0.1-1 mg/l - Notes: Daphnia magna.

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity:

Endpoint: EC10 - Species: Plantas acuáticas range 1-10 mg/l - Notes: Scenedesmus subspicatus; OECD TG 201 - Long-term effects

c) Bacteria toxicity:

Species: Activated sludge = 1000 mg/l - Notes: Microorganisms - DIN EN ISO 8192 propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol - CAS: 67-63-0

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 1400 mg/l - Duration h: 24-96

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 1400 mg/l - Duration h: 24-96

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Crustaceans = 1400 mg/l - Duration h: 48

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Crustaceans = 11500 mg/l - Duration h: 86

d) Terrestrial toxicity:

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Terrestrial plants = 2100 mg/l - Duration h: 72

Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one - CAS: 55965-84-9

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 1.02 mg/l - Duration h: 48 - Notes: Daphnia magna

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 0.379 mg/l - Duration h: 72 - Notes:

Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata; OECD TG 201

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 0.58 mg/l - Duration h: 96 - Notes: Danio rerio.



Endpoint: M Factor (acute) = 100

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity:

Endpoint: EC10 - Species: Algae = 0.188 mg/l - Duration h: 72 - Notes:

Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata; OECD TG 201

Endpoint: M Factor (Chronic) = 100

N, N-dimethylformamide; dimethyl formamide - CAS: 68-12-2

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 7.1 GL - Duration h: 96

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Aquatic invertebrates = 13.1 GL - Duration h: 48

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 1 GL - Duration h: 72 Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Aquatic micro-organisms = 12.3 GL

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity:

Endpoint: NOEC (21d) - Species: Aquatic invertebrates = 1.5 GL

12.2. Persistence and degradability

None

SOFT LB1

Biodegradability: The product contains only readily biodegradable surfactants meet the criteria laid down in Regulation detergents EU (EC/648/2004).

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 111-76-2

Biodegradability: Readily biodegradable - Duration: 28d - %: 90.4 - Notes: OECD TG 301 B

Fatty acids, coco, potassium salt - CAS: 61789-30-8

Biodegradability: Biodegradable

Alcohols, C12-15-branched and linear, ethoxylated propoxylated - CAS: 120313-48-6 Biodegradability: Readily biodegradable - Test: Degradation half-life in fresh or estuarine water sediment

propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol - CAS: 67-63-0

Biodegradability: Persistence

Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one - CAS: 55965-84-9

Biodegradability: Non-readily biodegradable

N, N-dimethylformamide; dimethyl formamide - CAS: 68-12-2

Biodegradability: Persistence

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 111-76-2

Bioaccumulation: Low potential for bioaccumulation

Fatty acids, coco, potassium salt - CAS: 61789-30-8

Bioaccumulation: Not bioaccumulative

Alcohols, C12-15-branched and linear, ethoxylated propoxylated - CAS: 120313-48-6

Bioaccumulation: A potential for bioaccumulation is not foreseeable

propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol - CAS: 67-63-0

Test: Kow - Partition coefficient 0.05

N, N-dimethylformamide; dimethyl formamide - CAS: 68-12-2

Bioaccumulation: Not bioaccumulative

12.4. Mobility in soil

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 111-76-2

Mobility in soil: The product has very high mobility potential

Alcohols, C12-15-branched and linear, ethoxylated propoxylated - CAS: 120313-48-6

Mobility in soil: The substance does not evaporate to the atmosphere from the water surface. An absorption to the solid phase of the soil is possible

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties



No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

12.7. Other adverse effects

None

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

N.A.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

N.A.

14.4. Packing group

N.A.

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADN-Environmentally hazardous in tank-vessels:

N.A

14.6. Special precautions for user

N.A.

 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments N.A.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)
Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)



Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product:

Restriction 3

Restriction 40

Restrictions related to the substances contained:

Restriction 30

Restriction 72

Restriction 75

Restriction 76

Where applicable, refer to the following regulatory provisions:

Directive 2012/18/EU (Seveso III)

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (detergents).

Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

SVHC Substances:

Substances in candidate list (Art. 59 Reg. 1907/2006, REACH):

N, N-dimethylformamide; dimethyl formamide

Toxic to reproduction

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1

None

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of phrases referred to in Section 3:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H310 Fatal in contact with skin.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Hazard class and hazard category	Code	Description
Flam. Liq. 2	2.6/2	Flammable liquid, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	2.6/3	Flammable liquid, Category 3



Acute Tox. 1	3.1/1/Dermal	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 1
Acute Tox. 2	3.1/2/Inhal	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 2
Acute Tox. 3	3.1/3/Inhal	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 3
Acute Tox. 3	3.1/3/Oral	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Dermal	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Inhal	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Oral	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Skin Corr. 1C	3.2/1C	Skin corrosion, Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	3.2/2	Skin irritation, Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	3.3/1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	3.3/2	Eye irritation, Category 2
Skin Sens. 1A	3.4.2/1A	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A
Repr. 1B	3.7/1B	Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B
STOT SE 3	3.8/3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure,
		Category 3
Aquatic Acute 1	4.1/A1	Acute aquatic hazard, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	4.1/C1	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	4.1/C3	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 3

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training. Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical

Society).

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of

Chemicals.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.



IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport

Association" (IATA).

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization"

(ICAO).

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods. INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.

KSt: Explosion coefficient.

LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.

LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Rail.

STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
TWA: Time-weighted average
WGK: German Water Hazard Class.